	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	How has life changed since the 1950's?	What are the geographical features of the United Kingdom?	What are the similarities and differences between a Victorian school and Belmore?	Why would a tourist like to visit London?	How did the Wright Brothers impact the world?	What happens to our rubbish?
Y1	Childhood This project teaches children about everyday life and families today, including comparisons to everyday life and childhood in the 1950s, using artefacts and a range of historical sources	Our Wonderful World This essential skills and knowledge project teaches children about physical and human features, maps, cardinal compass points, and positional and directional language. They learn about the equator, hemispheres and continents and are introduced to the countries, capital cities and settlements of the United Kingdom. The children carry out simple fieldwork to find out about local physical and human features.	School Days This project teaches children about the chronology and significant events of their school history, including making comparisons between modern schools and schools of the Victorian era.	Bright lights, big city This project teaches children about the physical and human characteristics of the United Kingdom, including a detailed exploration of the characteristics and features of the capital city, London.	<b>First Flight</b> This unit explores the significant role the Wright Brothers played in changing the way we see the world. Touching on other key moments in the history of flight, children will be able to explain the crucial impact of the world's first successful motor-operated airplane.	Plastic Pollution In this unit, children learn about the impact of human activity — particularly plastic waste — on our planet's rivers and oceans. They discover how non-biodegradable plastic is putting sea life at risk, as well as the dangers and threats posed by overfishing and climate change.
	Who has made a significant impact on the world?	Why do England and Somalia have different climates?	Who was the most significant monarch in British history?	Would you like to visit the coastlines of Britain?	How did the Great Fire of London change British homes?	Where does our food come from?
¥2	Movers and Shakers This project teaches children about historically significant people who have had a major impact on the world, using historical models and a range of historical source materials to explore their significance.	Let's Explore the World This essential skills and knowledge project teaches children about atlases, maps and cardinal compass points. They learn about the characteristics of the four countries of the United Kingdom and find out why there are hot, temperate and cold places around the world. They also compare England to Somalia. Children carry out fieldwork,	Magnificent Monarchs This project teaches children about significant British monarchs, important events of their rule and their short and long impact on the everyday lives of Britain and the wider world.	Coastlines This project teaches children about the physical and human features of coastal regions across the United Kingdom, including a detailed exploration of the coastal town of Whitby, in Yorkshire.	The Great Fire of London This unit revisits the Great Fire of London, which was briefly touched upon in Year One. Not only do children learn about the causes and consequences of the disaster, they will also explore the long-term impact on British society, architecture and policies.	From Farm to Fork In this unit, children learn about where food is grown, produced and processed. Through exploring different key British produce, children go on a journey to find out about healthy eating and how our food travels from the field to our plates.

Currici	ulum Overview 2022/23 – His					
		collecting primary data in				
		their locality to answer				
		geographical questions.				
	How did life for humans	How is land used in the	What impact did the	Which natural disaster	Why did humans explore	How fair is Fairtrade?
	change from the Stone Age	United Kingdom?	Roman invasion have on	has the greatest impact?	and what did they	
	to the Iron Age?		Britain?		discover?	
	Through the Ages	One Planet, Our World	Emperors and Empires	Rocks, Relics and Rumbles	Exploration and Discovery	Fairtrade: Fair for all?
	This project teaches	This essential skills and	This project teaches children	This project teaches	This unit encourages	In this topic, children will
	children about the	knowledge project teaches	about the rise and fall of	children about the	children to reflect on the	investigate which foods
	chronology, duration and	children to locate countries	ancient Rome, the impact of	features and	reasons behind human	come from other parts of
	impact of the prehistoric	and cities, and use grid	the Roman invasion on	characteristics of Earth's	exploration and the	the world. They will focus
	periods, including why and	references, compass points	everyday life in Britain and	layers, including a detailed	discoveries made on these	on chocolate and explore
	how lives changed due to	and latitude and longitude.	the consequences of the	exploration of volcanic,	journeys. Using accounts	the journey from bean to
<b>Y3</b>	human invention and	They learn about the layers	decline of the Roman	tectonic and seismic	of significant expeditions	bar. Children will
	innovation.	of the Earth and plate	Empire.	activity.	as the basis of the	compare the climate in
	innovation.	tectonics and discover the	Empire.	activity.	judgements, children will	the UK with the climate in
		five major climate zones.			also learn about the	the cocoa growing region
						of West Africa.
		They learn about significant			consequences of such	or west Africa.
		places in the United			enterprises on both	
		Kingdom and carry out			explorer and the explored.	
		fieldwork to discover how				
		land is used in the locality.				
	Was life better as an Anglo-	In what ways can we travel	Which ancient civilisation	How do rivers change the	Why do people leave their	Is our energy running
	Saxon or as a Viking?	around the United	was the most successful?	landscape?	homes?	out?
		Kingdom?				
	Invasion	Interconnected World	Ancient Civilisations	Misty Mountains and	Journeys: The Story of	Enough for Everyone:
	This project teaches	This essential skills and	This project teaches children	winding rivers	Immigration in Hillingdon	The Earth's Resources
	children about the most	knowledge project teaches	about the ancient	This project teaches	Immigration has created	In this unit, children will
	prolonged period of	children about compass	civilisations of Egypt, Sumer	children about the	the diverse and	think about the needs of
	invasion in British history,	points and four and six-	and the Indus Valley,	characteristics and	multicultural society we	a settlement, and the
Y4	including the causes and	figure grid references. They	including when and where	features of rivers and	have in the United	needs of the planet as a
	consequences of major	learn about the tropics and	they developed, the	mountain ranges around	Kingdom today. Hillingdon	whole. They will find out
	British invasions by the	the countries, climates and	similarities between them	the world, including a	is no different and has an	where resource such as
	Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and	culture of North and South	and how they grew and	detailed exploration of the	immense history of	power and food come
	Normans.	America. Children identify	declined over time.	ecosystems and processes	immigration. Focusing on	from, and look at ways in
		physical features in the		that shape them and the	our school and the local	which natural resources
		United Kingdom and learn		land around them.	community, children will	can be conserved. After
		about the National Rail and			learn about the cause,	discussing the idea of a
		canal networks. They			consequence and	carbon footprint, children
		canal networks. mey			consequence and	carbon tootprint, children

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		conduct an enquiry to prove a hypothesis, gathering data from maps and surveys before drawing conclusions.			significance of those who decide to leave their home countries for another.	will have the chance to consider how their actions impact on others around the world, and to think about the changes that they could make to try to ensure that natural resources are shared so there is enough for everyone
	Who held the most power	Why does the time change	What can we thank the	How far has your food	How did protest help	What can we do to slow
	in the Shang Dynasty?	around the world?	Ancient Greeks for in our	travelled?	people gain power?	down climate change?
			lives today?	-		
	Shang Dynasty	Investigating Our World	Groundbreaking Greeks	Sow, Grow and Farm	People, Politics and	Climate Change: Today or
	This project teaches	This essential skills and	This project teaches children	This project teaches	Power	tomorrow - Tropical
	children about the ancient	knowledge project teaches	about the civilisation of	children about the	In this unit, children learn	Rainforests
	civilisation of the Shang	children about locating map features using a range of	ancient Greece, including significant achievements in	features and characteristics of land use	about the figures, and	In this unit, children will understand climate
	Dynasty between 1600 BC and 1046 BC, including how	methods. They learn about	democracy, philosophy,	in agricultural regions	projects that have improved our lives.	change – its causes and
	innovation in mathematics,	the Prime Meridian,	mathematics and	across the world, including	Struggling against the	impacts on people and
	astronomy, artwork and	Greenwich Mean Time	architecture and their wider	a detailed exploration of	powerful is a tradition that	our planet. Children will
	military technology helped	(GMT), and worldwide time	influence on the western	significant environmental	stretches back	take an active approach
Y5	the empire to grow and	zones and study	world.	areas.	generations. Change is	when it comes to
	prosper.	interconnected climate			often presented as a gift	addressing climate
	P. 00P 0	zones, vegetation belts and			granted by the powerful,	change by learning about
		biomes. Children learn			but it has much to do with	the steps we can take to
		about human geography			the struggle and sacrifice	make a difference.
		and capital cities worldwide			of those from below. From	
		before looking at the UK			the momentous	
		motorway network and			suffragettes to	
		settlements. They carry out			understanding civil rights	
		an enquiry to identify local			movements, protest has	
		settlement types.			changed our world.	
	How has Maafa impacted	What changes are occurring	What was it like on the	How can you make a	How reliable are accounts	How does an iPhone
	British history?	to our planet?	Home Front during WWII?	difference in the world?	of history?	connect us to the rest of
VC					01 110001 ; 1	the world?
Y6	Maafa (Empire)	Our Changing World	Britain at War (Conflict and	Frozen Kingdom	Beyond Face Value	Global Connection: Trade
1	This project teaches	This essential skills and	Invasion)	This project teaches	The purpose of this unit	and the Economy
	children about Black	knowledge project revises		children about the	was two-fold: firstly, to	

history, from the ancient beginnings of the great African kingdoms to the capture, enslavement and resistance of African people, Britain's role in enslavement, the colonisation of Africa and significant black Britons who contributed their talents, tenacity and time to inspire change.	the features of Earth, time zones and lines of latitude and longitude to pinpoint places on a map. Children find out more about map scales, grid references, contour lines and map symbols. They learn about climate change and the importance of global trade. Children analyse data and carry out fieldwork to find out about local road safety. They study patterns of human settlements and	This project teaches children about the causes, consequences and impact of war in Britain up to the 20th century, key turning points and significant world leaders that changed the course of history.	characteristics and features of polar regions, including the North and South Poles, and includes a detailed exploration of the environmental factors that shape and influence them	offer opportunities to develop big picture overviews of topics which help pupils to appreciate the long arc of history; secondly, to give pupils a chance to study more modern history. Beyond Face Value is a series of skills-based enquiries looking at the way powerful people have manipulated evidence for their own ends and have tried to persuade others of	In this unit, children will learn about how globalisation has made the world a smaller and more connected place. At the end of the unit, children will explain how multinational corporations, increased global trading and the internet have brought people closer together.
inspire change.	out about local road safety. They study patterns of			manipulated evidence for their own ends and have	people closer together.